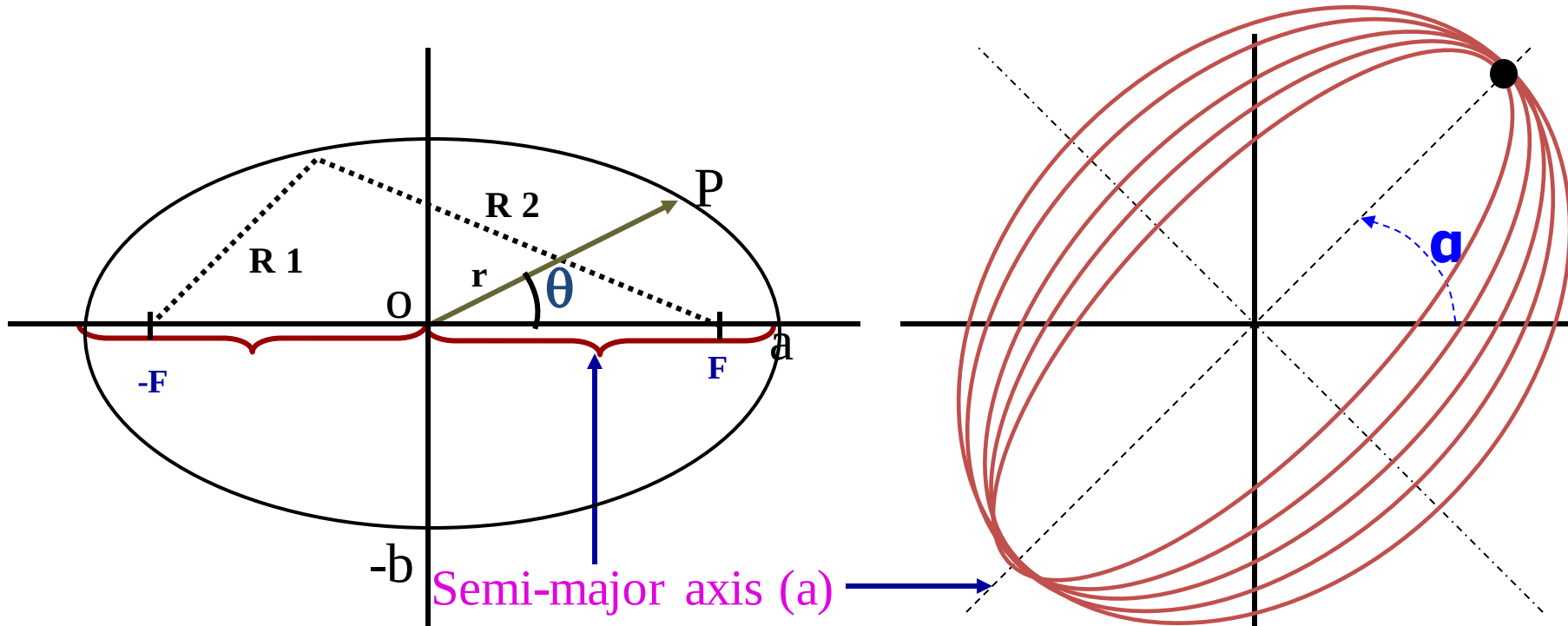


Elliptical Modulation

Elliptical Modulation

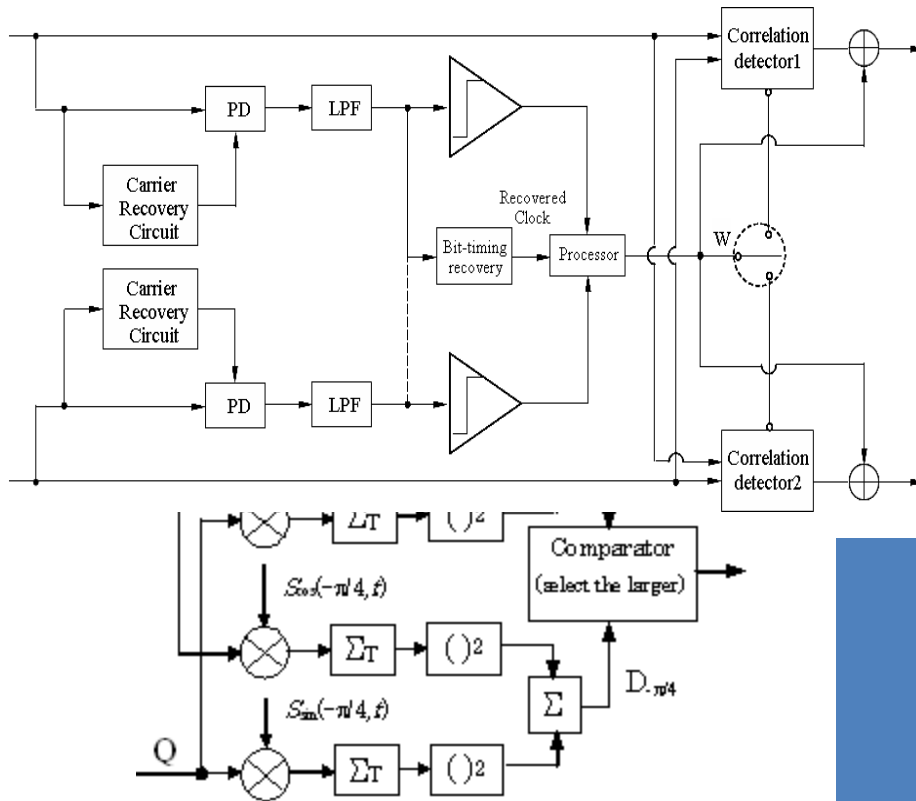


θ = Revolution Angle α = Offset Inclination Angle

ω_r = the revolution frequency of the carrier

e_c = eccentricity

Elliptical Phase Shift Keying (EPSK)

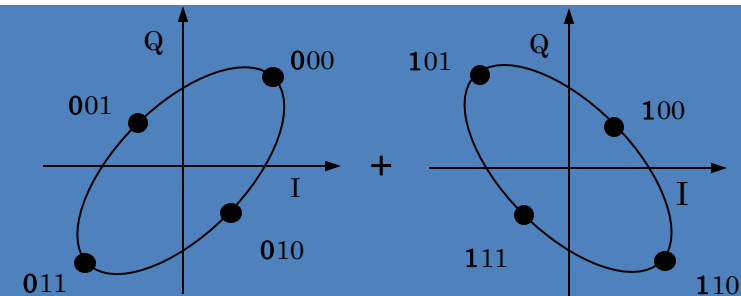


Reference signals1

$$\begin{cases} s_1(t) = a \sqrt{\frac{1-e_c^2}{1-e_c^2 \cos^2 w_r t}} \cos(w_r t + \pi/4) \\ s_2(t) = a \sqrt{\frac{1-e_c^2}{1-e_c^2 \sin^2 w_r t}} \cos(w_r t + \pi/4) \end{cases}$$

Reference signals2

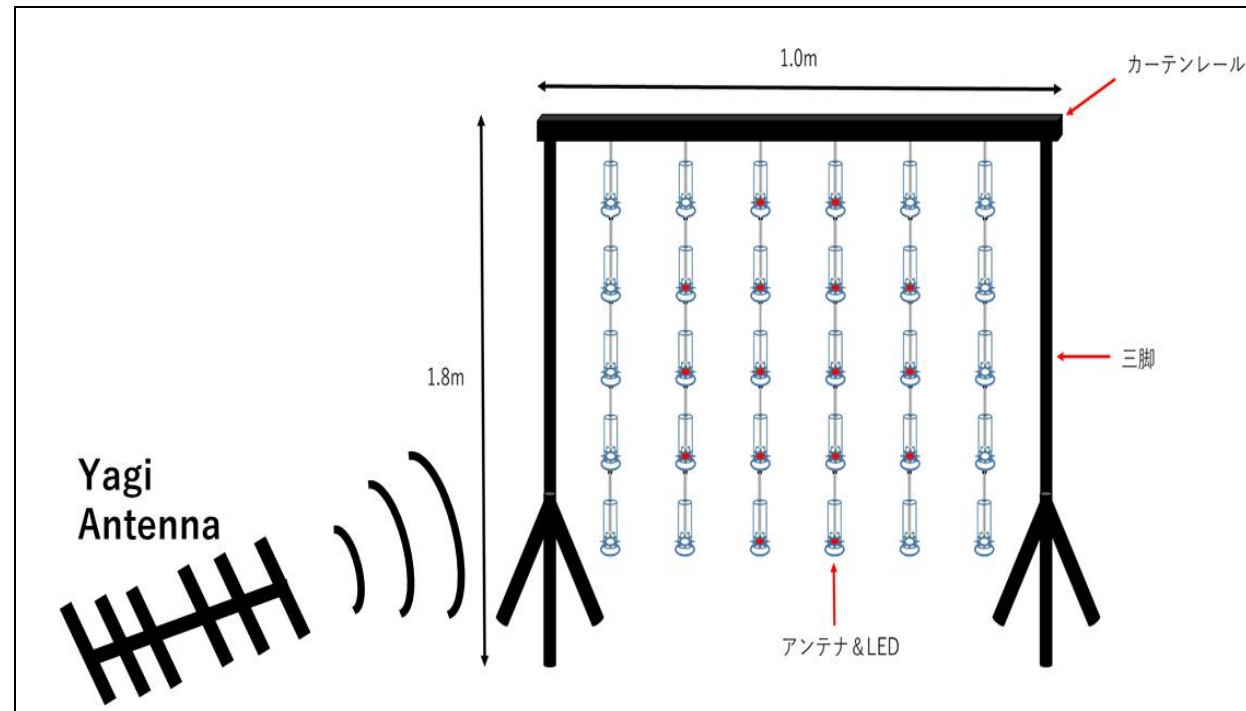
$$\begin{cases} s_3(t) = a \sqrt{\frac{1-e_c^2}{1-e_c^2 \sin^2 w_r t}} \cos(w_r t + 3\pi/4) \\ s_4(t) = a \sqrt{\frac{1-e_c^2}{1-e_c^2 \cos^2 w_r t}} \cos(w_r t + 3\pi/4) \end{cases}$$



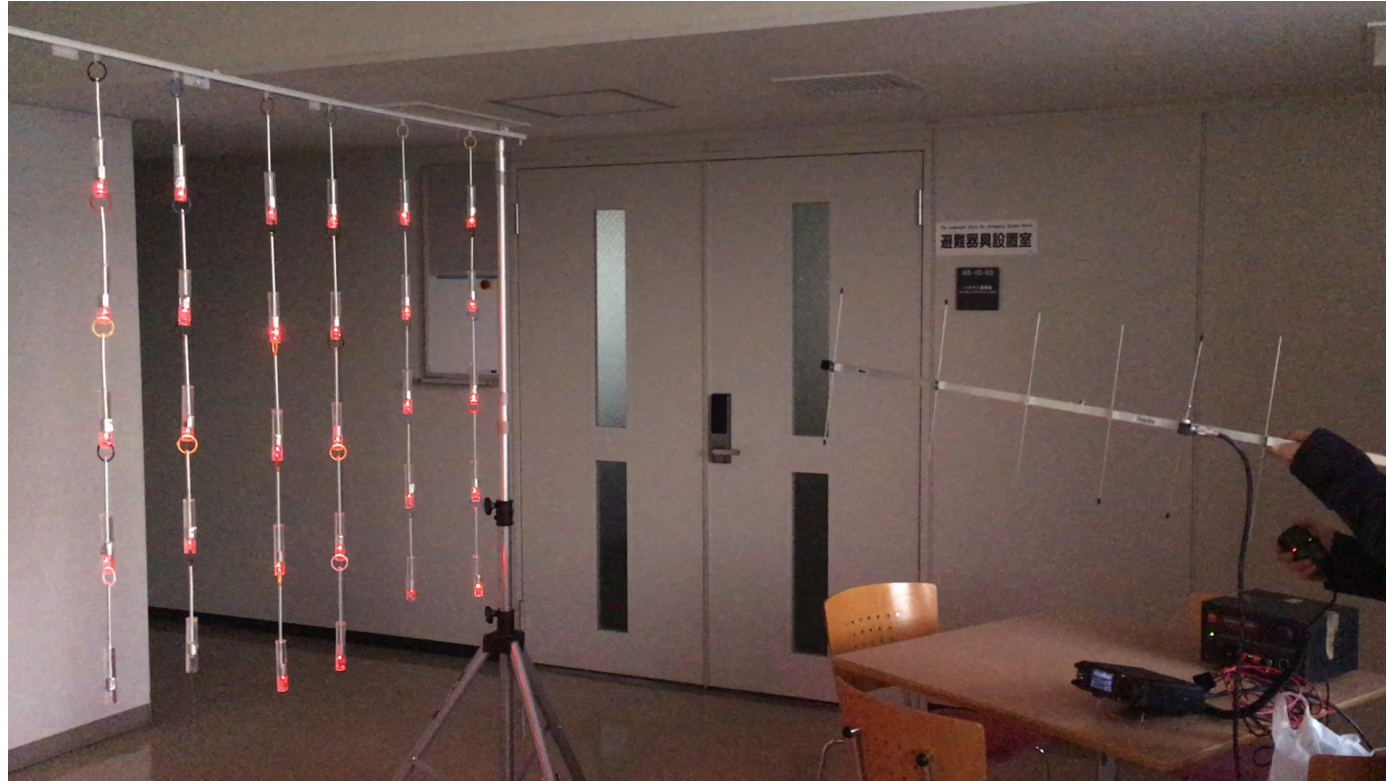
$$\cos(w_r t + \pi) = -\cos(w_r t) \Rightarrow \cos^2(w_r t + \pi) = \cos^2(w_r t)$$

$$\sin(w_r t + \pi) = -\sin(w_r t) \Rightarrow \sin^2(w_r t + \pi) = \sin^2(w_r t)$$

Visualize the Radio Signal



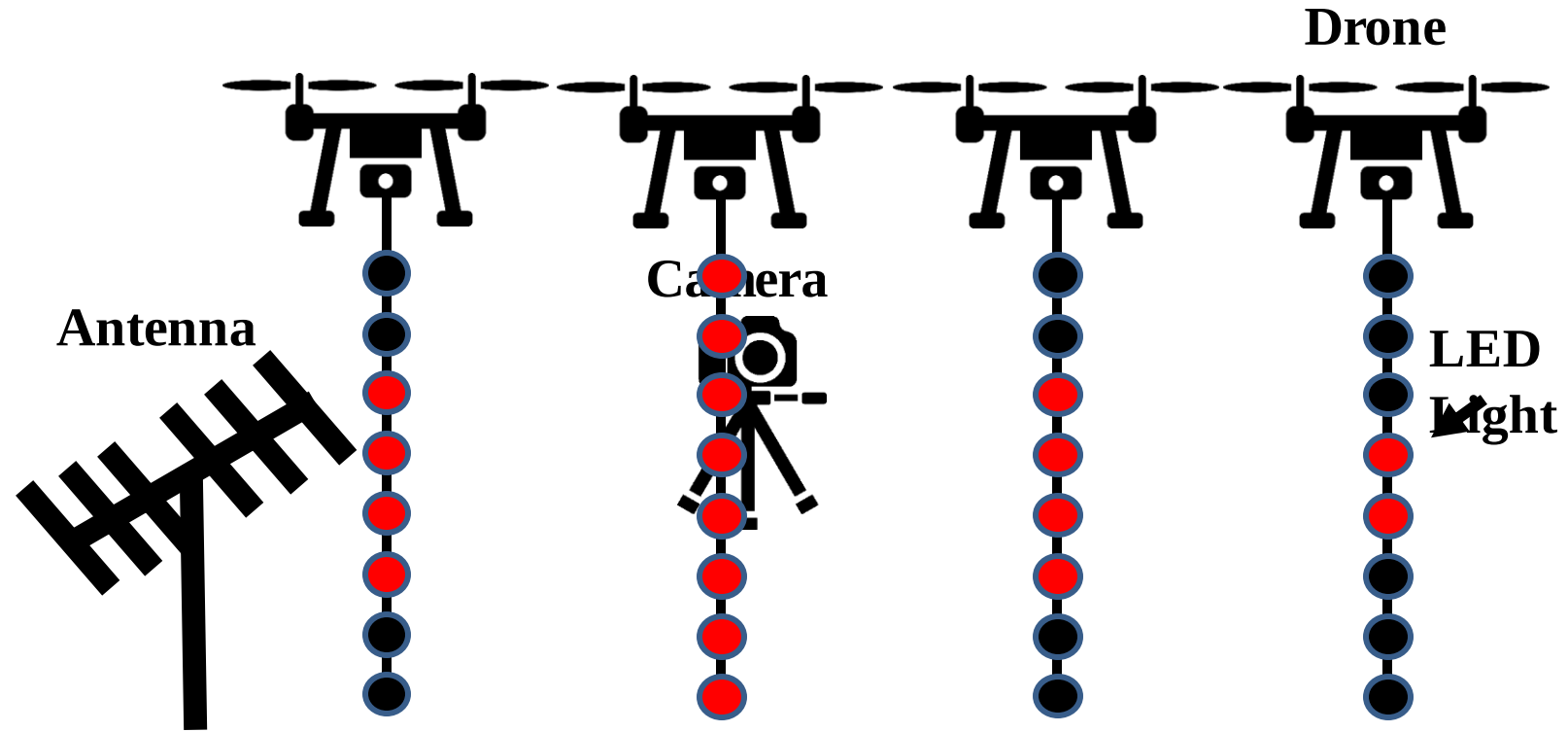
Directivity



Polarization



Field Radio Scan with Drone



Experiment



